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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/676,319	09/29/2000	Emie F. Brickell	10559/329001/P9832	1992
20985 75	90 05/24/2006		EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2131	
			DATE MAILED: 05/24/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/676,319	BRICKELL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Matthew T. Henning	2131
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 M This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 42-65 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 42-46 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 42 and 50 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2000 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r. are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/21/05 4/18/06	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

Art Unit: 2131

21

This action is in response to the communication filed on 3/16/2006. 1 **DETAILED ACTION** 2 3 Claims 1-41 have been cancelled and new claims 42-65 have been examined. 4 All objections and rejections not specifically addressed below have been withdrawn. 5 Response to Arguments 6 Regarding applicants' request for a better explanation of the objection to claims 42 and 7 50, the examiner presents the following. The phrase "at an authentication service" implies that 8 the authentication service is a location. This is not the case, but instead the authentication 9 service is a service. Therefore the phrase should read simply "an authentication service, 10 receiving" as this is grammatically proper. 11 The examiner would like to point out that the arguments' regarding the prior art presented 12 in the communication dated 3/16/2006 are not consistent with the rejection presented by the 13 examiner on 7/28/2005. The applicants' have pointed to Fig. 5 of Sheehan, but there is no Fig. 5 of Sheehan. It appears that in all the arguments' the applicants' have said "Sheehan" when 14 15 meaning "Saito" and vice versa. Therefore, the examiner will address the arguments accordingly. 16 Regarding applicants' argument that the user of [Saito] is not involved in the 17 authentication process except as the recipient of services, the examiner does not find the 18 argument persuasive. The applicants' seem to have ignored that the examiner is relying on the 19 "client" of Saito as the "first user" which was clearly pointed out page 4 Line 7 of the rejection 20 presented 7/28/2005. And the client of Saito is clearly involved in the authentication process.

Therefore, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.

Application/Control Number: 09/676,319

Art Unit: 2131

Page 3

1	Regarding applicants' argument that [Saito] did not teach providing information from the
2	authentication service to the first user, the information indicative of receiving the digital
3	credential information associated with the first user from the relying party, the examiner does not
4	find the argument persuasive. Saito teaches sending a "log-in reject" from the authentication
5	server to the client if the integrated certificate is invalid, at which point the client access an
6	activity log, as seen in Fig. 5 Step 510 and Col. 7 Lines 35-38. Because the rejection notice is
7	based on the integrated certificate sent by the client, the "log-in reject" from the authentication
8	server is inherently indicative of the authentication server's receipt of the integrated certificate.
9	Therefore, the combination of Sheehan and Saito did meet the limitation of the claim and as such
10	the examiner does not find the argument persuasive.
11	Because the arguments presented by the applicants have not been found persuasive, the
12	examiner has maintained the prior art rejections presented in the office dated 7/28/2005.
13	Claim Objections
14	Claims 42, and 50 are objected to because of the following informalities:
15	Claims 42 and 50 recite the limitation "at an authentication service" which is not
16	grammatically correct.
17	Appropriate correction is required.
18	Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103
19	The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
20	obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
21 22 23 24	A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having

Art Unit: 2131

ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 42-43, 46, 48-51, 54, 56-59, 62, and 64-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sheehan et al. (US Patent Number 6,311,163) hereinafter referred to as Sheehan, and further in view of Saito et al. (US Patent Number 6,275,941) hereinafter referred to as Saito.

Regarding claims 42, 50 and 58, Sheehan disclosed a system, method, and software for a prescribing party to issue a prescription through a communication network such as the Internet, in which the prescribing party includes doctors, health service providers, and other authorized personnel (See Sheehan Abstract and Col. 3 Lines 45-57, Col. 4 Lines 47-49, and Fig. 4). However, Sheehan failed to disclose a method for ensuring that the prescribing party was in fact authorized to issue prescriptions.

Saito teaches a system for authenticating a user (See Saito Fig. 5 and Col. 7 Lines 5-55) involving storing authentication information for a plurality of users (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 25-26 wherein the public keys of users must have been stored in order for them to be accessed by the authentication server); at an authentication service (authentication server), receiving digital credential information (integrated certificate) associated with a first user (client) from a relying party (application server) (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 21-24); verifying the digital credential information associated with the first user to the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 25-36); providing verification information associated with the first user to the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 36-52); and providing information from the authentication service to the first user, the information indicative of receiving the digital credential information associated with the first user from the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 36 – Col. 8 Line 8). Saito further teaches

Application/Control Number: 09/676,319

Art Unit: 2131

providing information to the first user comprises providing access to an activity log associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 8 Lines 3-5 and 36-44).

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Saito in the prescription issuing system of Sheehan by having the prescribing doctor send an integrated certificate to the server, and having the server authenticate the certificate and doctor via an authentication server. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to ensure that only authorized doctors were issuing prescriptions.

Regarding claims 43, 51, and 59, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed providing access to an activity log associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 8 Lines 3-5 and 36-44).

Regarding claims 46, 54, and 62, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed storing access information associated with the relying party, the access information including information indicative of the providing the verification information associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 44-52); and providing the access information to the relying party (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 44-52).

Regarding claims 48, 56, and 64, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed that providing verification information to the relying party comprises providing information indicative of a failure to authenticate the digital credential information associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 36-38).

Regarding claims 49, 57, and 69, the combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed at least one of the relying party and the authentication service issuing a challenge in response to

Art Unit: 2131

receiving digital credential information associated with the first user (See Saito Col. 7 Lines 21-2 24).

Claims 44-45, 47, 52-53, 55, 60-61, and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Sheehan and Saito as applied to claims 42, 50, and 58 above, and further in view of State of Colorado (Senate Bill 97134 LLS NO. 970530.01) hereinafter referred to as Colorado.

The combination of Sheehan and Saito disclosed an authentication server verifying an integrated certificate of a doctor and sending the result to the prescription server prior to allowing prescriptions to be issued (See the rejection of claim 42 above), but failed to disclose verifying registration information with a registration authority.

Colorado teaches that in order to write a prescription in the state of Colorado, an advanced practice nurse must be listed on the advanced practice registry, have a license in good standing without disciplinary sanctions, and have fulfilled requirements established by the board (See Colorado Section 7).

It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of Colorado in the prescribing party authorization system of Sheehan and Saito by checking the standing of the medical license of the party, whether they are registered on the advance practice registry, and the status of fulfillment of the requirements established by the board. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to ensure that all legal requirements for issuing prescriptions were fulfilled prior to authorizing the party to issue prescriptions.

Art Unit: 2131

1	Conclusion
2	Claims 42-65 have been rejected.
3	THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of
4	time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
5	A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE
6	MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO
7	MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after
8	the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period
9	will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37
10	CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,
11	however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing
12	date of this final action.
13	Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
14	examiner should be directed to Matthew T. Henning whose telephone number is (571) 272-3790
15	The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.
16	If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's
17	supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the
18	organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2131

21

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent 1 2 Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished 3 applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR 4 system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR 5 6 system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER 15 **TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100** 16 17 Matthew Henning 18 **Assistant Examiner** Art Unit 2131 19 5/18/2006 20